ENDANGERED SPECIES OF BANDIPUR NATIONAL PARK

Bandipur National Park is located in Gundlupet Taluk, Chamarajanagar District, Karnataka State. It is one of the original Tiger reserves, endowed with a moderate climate and diverse geographical features. The Park supports a remarkable variety of flora and fauna, making it a veritable paradise for wild life.

Some Endangered Animal species of the National Park listed below:



Scientific Name Panthera tigris tigris
Common Name Indian Tiger

Habitat Tropical Rain forests, Evergreen forests, Grasslands,

Savannas

Habit Carnivorous, feed on Deers, Pigs, Goats etc.

Body Weight Adult Males-220 kg, Adult Females-140 kg

Imp. Feature Dark vertical stripes on Reddish Orange fur on the body.

Scientific Name Pavo cristatus

Common Name Indian Pea Fowl

Habitat Temperate and Evergreen forests

Habit Omnivorous, feed on plants and also insects

Imp. Feature Eye spotted tail cover feathers which, displays as a

part of courtship.





Scientific Name Tetracerus quadricornis
Common Name Four horned antelope.

Habitat Gangetic plain and Gir National Park

Habit Herbivorous, feed on soft leaves and fruits.

Body Weight 17-22 kg in Males.

Imp. Feature Only males grow permanent horns

Scientific Name Melursus ursinus

Common Name Sloth bear

Habitats Grasslands or in the Humid regions.

Habit Insectivorous, feed on termites and honey bee

colonies

Imp. Feature Very good sense of smelling



ENDANGERED SPECIES OF BANDIPUR NATIONAL PARK



Scientific Name Elephas maximus.

Common Name Indian Elephant

Habitat Savannas, Forests, Marshes

Habit Herbivorous, feed on fruits, leaves, shoots etc.

Imp. Feature Long trunk named Proboscis, and incisors are

modified into Tusks.

Scientific Name Python molurus
Common Name Indian Python

Habitat Tropical rain forests

Habit Carnivorous, like cats, dog, primates

Body Length 15ft-25ft long





Scientific Name Panther pardus
Common Name Black Panther

Habitat Forests, Swamplands, and Grasslands
Habit Carnivorous, feed on other animals

Body weight 36 kg-160 kg both in males and females.

Imp. Feature Bright emerald green eyes.

Scientific Name Crocodylus palustris

Common Name Crocodile

Habitat Shallow water, rivers and swamps.
Habit Carnivorous, feed on vertebrates.

Imp. Feature They have acute senses and very good night vision.





Scientific Name Bos gaurus
Common Name Indian Bison

Habitat Ever green forestsand deciduous forests
Habit Herbivorous, feed on plants and grasses.

Imp. Feature Whitish stockings

REASONS FOR EXTINCTION OF THESE SPECIES.

- 1. Habitat loss, pollution, overgrazing, increased urbanisation, mining etc.
- 2. Possible transmission of diseases from domestic animals to wild life.
- 3. Gaurs are killed by rinderpest disease.
- 4. Invasion of weeds, introduction of exotic species.
- 5. Indiscriminate hunting.

Complied by: Vinanthi .N, Parameshwari. B .S/B.Sc., VSemester CBZ /2015-16.